

ASGCT Data Review

IR webcast May 23, 2023



ASGCT IR Event Agenda





TIME	AGENDA TOPIC	SPEAKERS
8:00 – 8:10 a.m.	Orchard's HSC Gene Therapy Platform and ASGCT Overview	Bobby Gaspar CEO
8:10 – 8:30 a.m.	Clinical Data: OTL-203 (MPS-IH) + OTL-201 (MPS-IIIA)	Leslie Meltzer CMO
8:30 – 8:40 a.m.	Preclinical: OTL-204 (GRN-FTD) + OTL-104 (NOD2-CD)	Bobby Gaspar CEO
8:40 – 9:00 a.m.	Q&A	



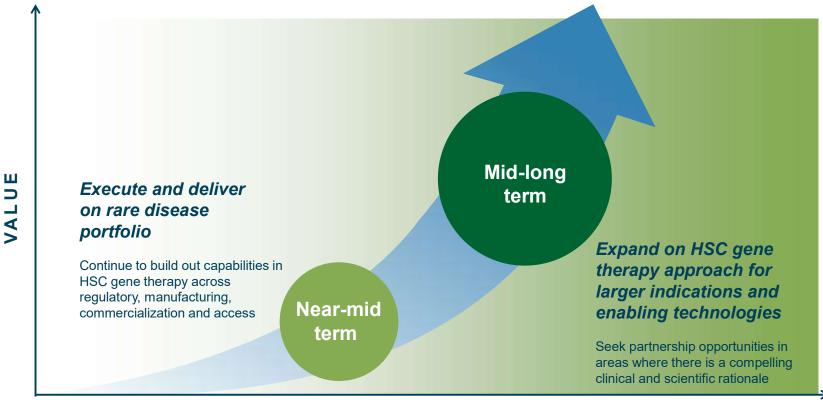
Forward-looking Statements

Certain information set forth in this presentation and in statements made orally during this presentation contain "forward-looking statements". Except for statements of historical fact, information contained herein constitutes forward-looking statements and may include, but is not limited to, expectations of Orchard Therapeutics plc (the "Company" or "Orchard) regarding: (i) the safety and efficacy of Libmeldy and its product candidates; (ii) the Company's ability to establish the infrastructure necessary to enable the treatment of eligible MLD patients and the adequacy of the Company's supply chain and ability to commercialize Libmeldy; (iii) the expected development of the Company's business and product candidates; (iv) the timing of regulatory submissions for approval of its product candidates; (vi) the timing of interactions with regulators and regulatory submissions related to ongoing and new clinical trials for its product candidates; (vi) the timing of announcement of preclinical data for its product candidates and the likelihood that such data will be positive and support further development and regulatory approval of these product candidates; (vii) the timing and likelihood of approval of such product candidates by the applicable regulatory authorities; (viii) the adequacy of the Company's supply chain, manufacturing capacity and plans for future investment and commercialization; (ix) execution of the Company's vision and growth strategy, including with respect to global growth; (x) the size and value of potential markets for and commercialization of Libmeldy and the Company's product candidates; and (xi) expected financial performance and financial condition, including its cash runway. The words "may," "spotential," "continue," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Forward-looking statements are provided to allow investors the opportunity to understand management's beliefs and opinions i

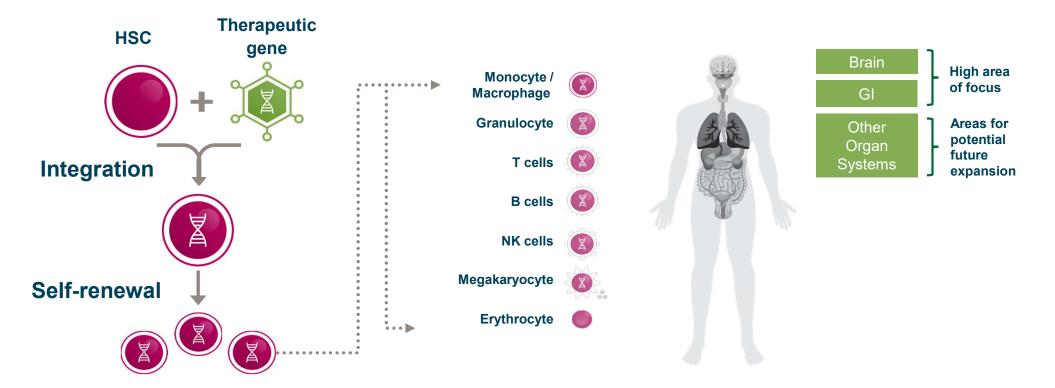
These statements are neither promises nor guarantees of future performance. Such forward-looking statements necessarily involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company's control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in these forward-looking statements. In particular, these risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, the risk that Libmeldy will not be successfully commercialized, including the risk that the Company may not secure adequate pricing or reimbursement to support continued development of Libmeldy or its product candidates, if approved; the risk that any one or more of the Company's product candidates, including OTL-200, will not be approved, successfully developed or commercialized; the risk that prior results, such as signals of safety, activity or durability of effect, observed from preclinical studies or clinical trials of Orchard's product candidates will not be repeated or continue in ongoing or future studies or trials involving its product candidates; the risk that the market opportunity for Libmeldy or its product candidates may be lower than estimated; the risks from high inflation, macroeconomic conditions and geopolitical instability; and, the severity of the ongoing and evolving impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on Orchard's business, including on preclinical and clinical development, its supply chain and commercial programs. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. For additional disclosure regarding these and other risks faced by the Company, see the disclosure contained in the Company's most recent annual or quarterly filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), as well as subsequent filings and reports filed with the SEC. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, futu



Orchard's Vision to End the Devastation Caused by Severe and other Genetic Diseases

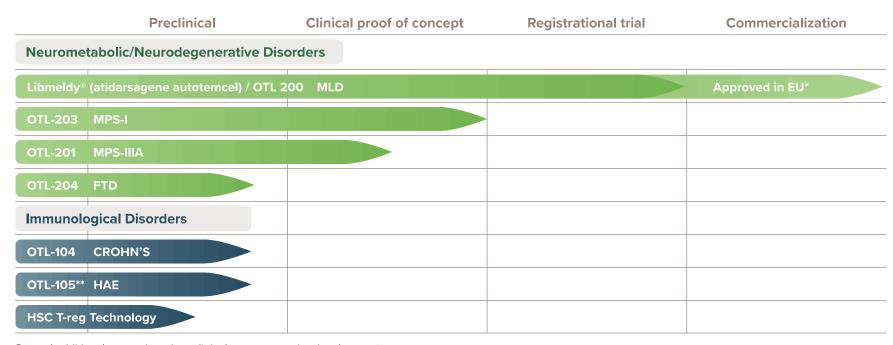


HSC Gene Therapy Offers a Highly Differentiated Approach





Validated Rare Disease Pipeline with Opportunities for Expansion



Several additional research and preclinical programs under development.



^{*}Libmeldy® is approved in the European Union, UK, Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway. In the U.S., OTL-200 is an investigational therapy. All other therapies in our pipeline are investigational and have not been approved by any regulatory agency or health authority.

^{**}OTL-105 partnered with Pharming Group N.V.

Significant Platform Synergies That Can be Leveraged Across Neurometabolic Pipeline

	PLATFORM SYNERGIES		
_	Regulatory	Supply Chain	3
MPS-IH	Manufacturing	Treatment Sites	MPS-IIIA
Σ	Distribution	Referral Networks	A
	MLD / Libmeldy		







- OTL-203 for MPS-IH: New PoC data shows extensive metabolic correction in the skeletal system, including normal growth rates, improvement in joint function and progressive acquisition of motor skills
- OTL-201 for MPS-IIIA: Updated data from ongoing PoC study show additional favorable neurocognitive outcomes compared to disease natural history with median follow-up out to 2.5 years
- OTL-204 for GRN-FTD: First preclinical data highlighting ability of HSC gene therapy to restore microglial function, modulate neuroinflammation, and normalize predictive biomarkers
- OTL-104 for NOD2-CD: Preclinical proof-of-concept data show the therapeutic potential in a severe and treatment-refractory form of the disease



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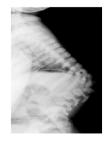
New OTL-203 Data in MPS-IH



MPS-IH is a Highly Debilitating, Multisystemic Condition Impacting Cognitive and Skeletal Function

- Deficiency of IDUA enzyme leads to accumulation of heparan and dermatan sulfate
- Multisystemic neurometabolic condition affecting cognition, growth and skeletal function
- Current standard of care: HSCT and/or ERT as a bridging or chronic therapy but with significant limitations
- Incidence: ~1 in 100,000 live births; Hurler syndrome accounts for 60%¹
- NBS established in some geographies, including¹
 - National: Netherlands, Taiwan, Austria*
 - Regional/Provincial: Italy, Canada
 - <u>U.S</u>: 33 states screening as of May 2023









MPS Symposium July 2021; Moore 2008; mps1disease.com



^{*} private paid program (Archimed)

OTL-203 (MPS-IH): Interim Proof-of-Concept (PoC) Study Results **Published in NEJM**

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NOVEMBER 18, 2021

Hematopoietic Stem- and Progenitor-Cell Gene Therapy for Hurler Syndrome

B. Gentner, F. Tucci, S. Galimberti, F. Fumagalli, M. De Pellegrin, P. Silvani, C. Camesasca, S. Pontesilli, S. Darin, F. Ciotti, M. Sarzana, G. Consiglieri, C. Filisetti, G. Forni, L. Passerini, D. Tomasoni, D. Cesana, A. Calabria, G. Spinozzi, M.-P. Cicalese, V. Calbi, M. Migliavacca, F. Barzaghi, F. Ferrua, V. Gallo, S. Miglietta, E. Zonari, P.S. Cheruku, C. Forni, M. Facchini, A. Corti, M. Gabaldo, S. Zancan, S. Gasperini, A. Rovelli, J.-J. Boelens, S.A. Jones, R. Wynn, C. Baldoli, E. Montini, S. Gregori, F. Ciceri, M.G. Valsecchi, G. la Marca, R. Parini, L. Naldini, A. Aiuti, and M.-E. Bernardo, for the MPSI Study Group*

ABSTRACT

Allogeneic hematopoietic stem-cell transplantation is the standard of care for The authors' full names, academic de-Hurler syndrome (mucopolysaccharidosis type I, Hurler variant [MPSIH]). However, this treatment is only partially curative and is associated with complications.

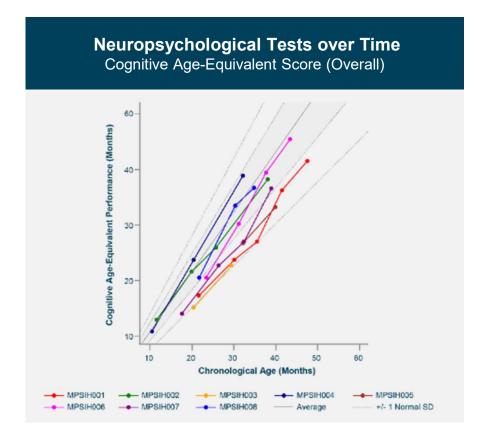
We are conducting an ongoing study involving eight children with MPSIH. At enrollment, the children lacked a suitable allogeneic donor and had a Developmental Quotient or Intelligence Quotient score above 70 (i.e., none had moderate or severe cognitive impairment). The children received autologous hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells (HSPCs) transduced ex vivo with an α -L-iduronidase (IDUA)-encoding lentiviral vector after myeloablative conditioning. Safety and correction of blood IDUA activity and Bernardo contributed equally to this up to supraphysiologic levels were the primary end points. Clearance of lysosomal storage material as well as skeletal and neurophysiological development were assessed as secondary and exploratory end points. The planned duration of the study is 5 years.

grees, and affiliations are listed in the Appendix. Dr. Aiuti can be contacted at aiuti.alessandro@hsr.it or at the San Raffaele Telethon Institute for Gene Therapy, IRCCS San Raffaele Scientific Institute, Via Olgettina 60, 20132 Milan, Italy.

*The members of the MPSI Study Group are listed in the Supplementary Appendix, available at NEJM.org.

Drs. Tucci and Galimberti and Drs. Aiuti

N Engl J Med 2021;385:1929-40. DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa2106596 Copyright © 2021 Massachusetts Medical Society













Early Skeletal Outcome After HSPC-GT for Mucopolysaccharidosis Type I Hurler

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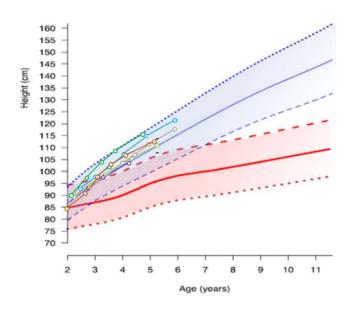
Early Clinical Skeletal Outcome: Auxological Parameters after GT

All GT pts. exhibit longitudinal growth within expected reference ranges according to age and gender, with a median height gain greater than the one observed in an external cohort of HSCT patients following a 3-year follow-up. [Short stature defined as height -2 SDS]

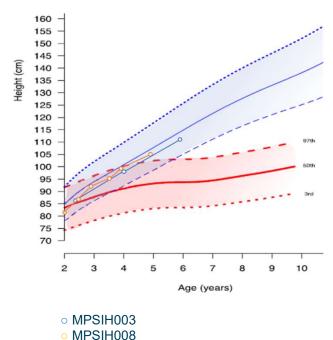
Percentiles:

WHO growth charts in blue-shadowed MPSIH growth charts in red-shadowed

Growth charts males



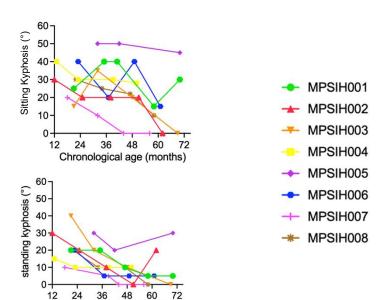
○ MPSIH001 ○ MPSIH002 ○ MPSIH004 ○ MPSIH005 ○ MPSIH006 ○ MPSIH007 **Growth charts females**





Early Clinical Skeletal Outcome: Standing & Sitting Kyphosis After GT

Clinically measurable reduction in both sitting and standing kyphosis in the majority of the pts.





MPSIH004

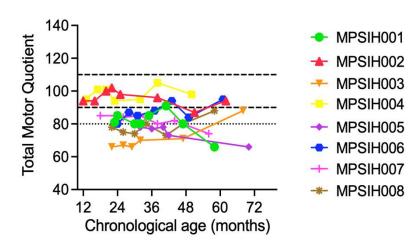


Chronological age (months)

Early <u>Functional</u> Skeletal Outcome: Motor Function & ROM After GT

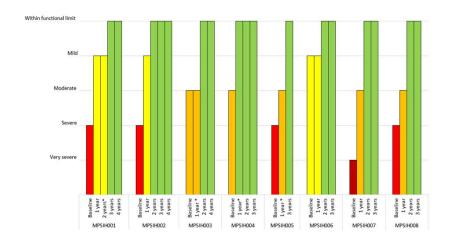
Continuous acquisition of motor skills, fine and gross, as shown by the substantial stability of TMQ (normal/low normal score in 5/8)

TMQ by Peabody scale



Complete and earlier normalization of joint mobility (shoulder abduction and flexion, hip and knee extension ROM) as compared with an external cohort of HSCT pts.

TMQ by Peabody scale



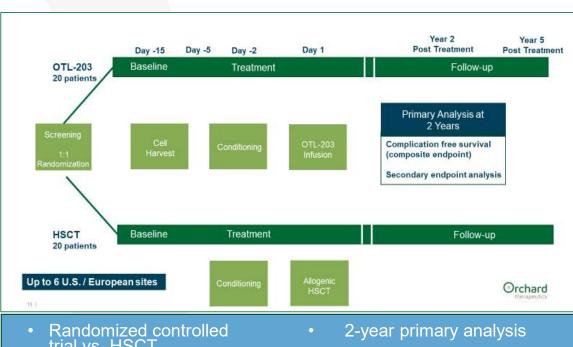


Data Takeaways and Next Steps OTL-203 (MPS-IH) Moving into a Registrational Trial in 2H 2023

PoC Data Takeaways

New data shows extensive metabolic correction in the skeletal system, including normal growth rates, improvement in joint function and progressive acquisition of motor skills





- trial vs. HSCT
- 40 patients

Complication free survival composite endpoint

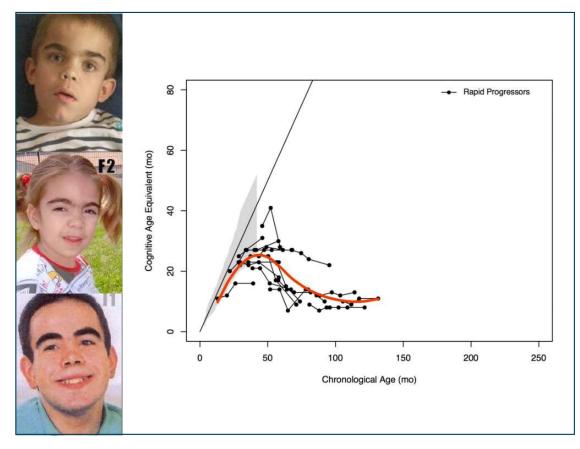


New OTL-201 Data in MPS-IIIA



MPS-IIIA is a Progressive and Devastating Disease

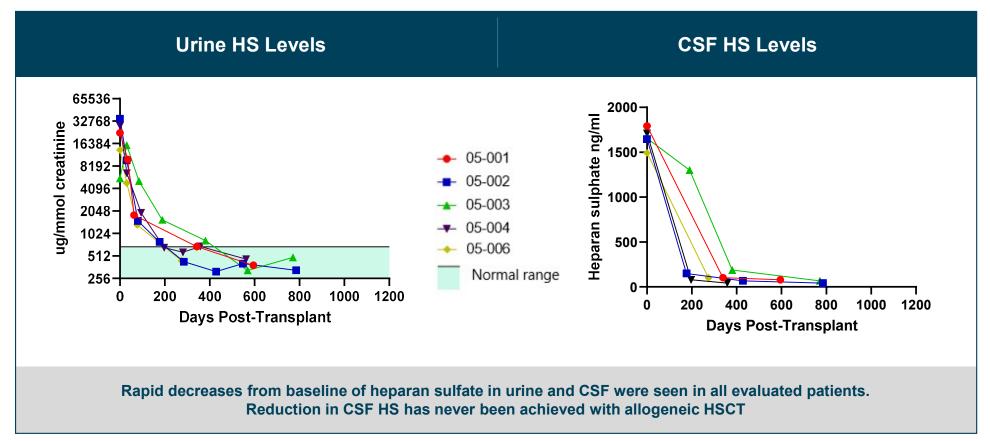
- Sanfilippo Syndrome type A; pathogenic variants in SGSH gene
- Accumulation of substrate heparan sulfate leading to severe CNS degeneration w/ somatic manifestations
- Severe phenotype development slows from 3 years of age, followed by cognitive decline, behavioural disturbances, loss of skills and eventual death
- No successful treatment options
 - Allogeneic HSCT shows no modification of disease phenotype despite wild type donor, full engraftment and early treatment
 - Robust correction of neurocognitive decline and durability of effect not established for AAV approaches
- Incidence: ~1 in 100,000 live births







Heparan Sulfate Levels – Reduction in CNS and periphery

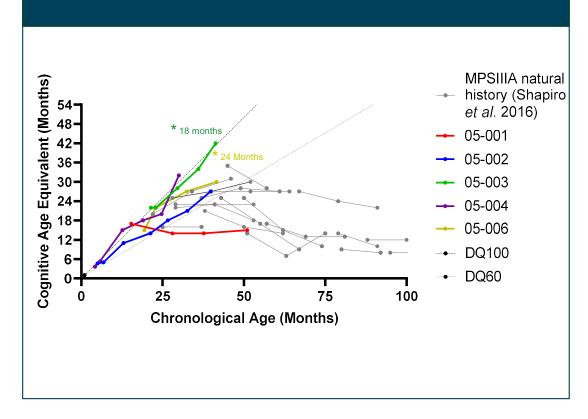




Neurocognitive Outcomes

- Patient 05-003 and 05-006 reached the ceiling of the Bayley scale (BSID-III) at 18/24 months and progressed onto the Kaufmann assessment (KABC-II) at 24/30 months
- Patient 05-003 is the first MPSIIIA patient with rapidly progressive phenotype at Manchester able to complete the Kaufman assessment
- Patient 05-003 is within normal range on Kaufmann scale at both 24- and 30months post-transplant with gain in skills between assessments

Developmental Age Equivalent





Neurocognitive Outcomes

Change in cognitive function (age equivalent scores) against natural history of MPSIIIA

Change in patient behavior, patient QoL and daily living

Early follow-up in trial patients

- Gain of skills in line with development of normal children in 4 out of 5 patients
- Developmental gains not seen in untreated MPSIIIA, e.g. acquisition of speech, continence and complex play
- Longer follow up needed to assess safety and efficacy outcomes







OTL-201 POC Conclusions

- ✓ Robust, prompt, sustained, multi-lineage engraftment of genetically modified cells
- ✓ Supra-physiological levels of SGSH enzyme in leukocytes and CSF and rapid and significant reduction of substrate observed in all compartments
- √ 4 / 5 patients are demonstrating gain of cognitive skills in line with development
 in healthy children with two patients progressing to the Kaufman scale of
 cognitive assessment
- Early 2024 read-out expected all patients will have completed 3 years of follow-up and reached at least 3 years of age



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OTL-204 for GRN-FTD Section



Frontotemporal Dementia (FTD) Disease Background

Second most common dementia in people under 65 after Alzheimer's Disease (onset at ~58)

Atrophy of frontal and temporal lobes

Progressive changes in behavior and personality:

<u>Early</u> decline in social and personal interactions, depression, apathy, emotional blunting, disinhibition, language disorders

Late general cognitive decline

Death within 6-9 years from onset, 3-4 years from diagnosis

No cure or treatment





GRN-FTD Represents Large and Growing Opportunity

> 50,000 FTD patients diagnosed in U.S. and EU today

THE OPPORTUNITY

GRN-FTD

is a growing opportunity

- Haploinsufficiency of progranulin (GRN) strongly associated with FTD (~5% of cases)
- Mutation known to have high penetrance
- Up to 2,500 GRN-FTD prevalent patients in U.S. and EU¹⁻³
- ~800 new cases U.S. / EU per year¹⁻³

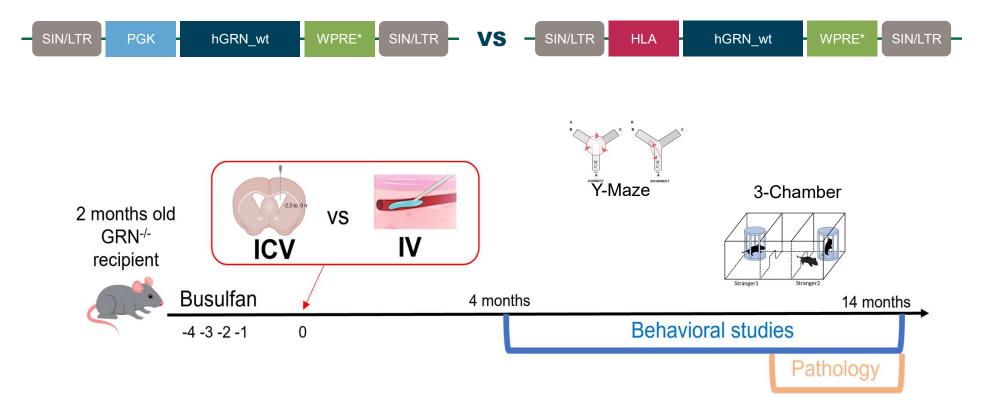
OUR UNIQUE POSITIONING

HSC gene therapy has demonstrated potential to treat diseases of the brain

- Ideal for targeting single gene mutations
- Mechanism of CNS gene delivery validated by clinical data from MLD, MPS-I, MPS-IIIA
- Gene-modified HSCs enable delivery of GRN to brain

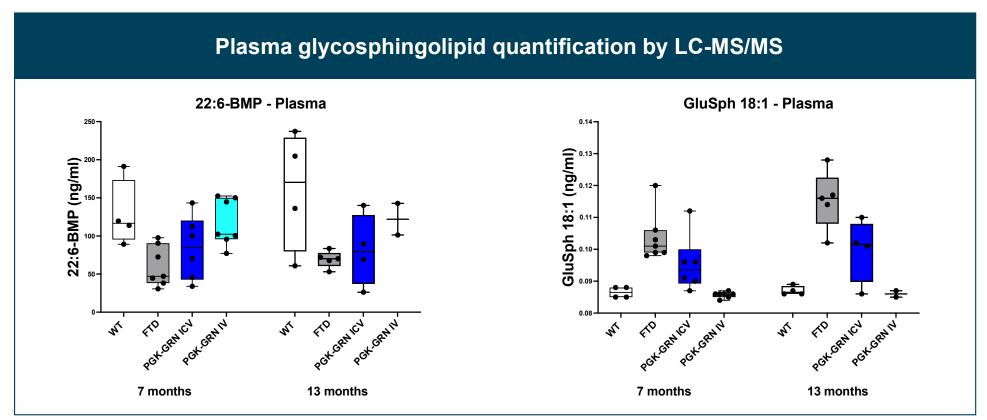


hGRN HSC-GT PoC of efficacy study



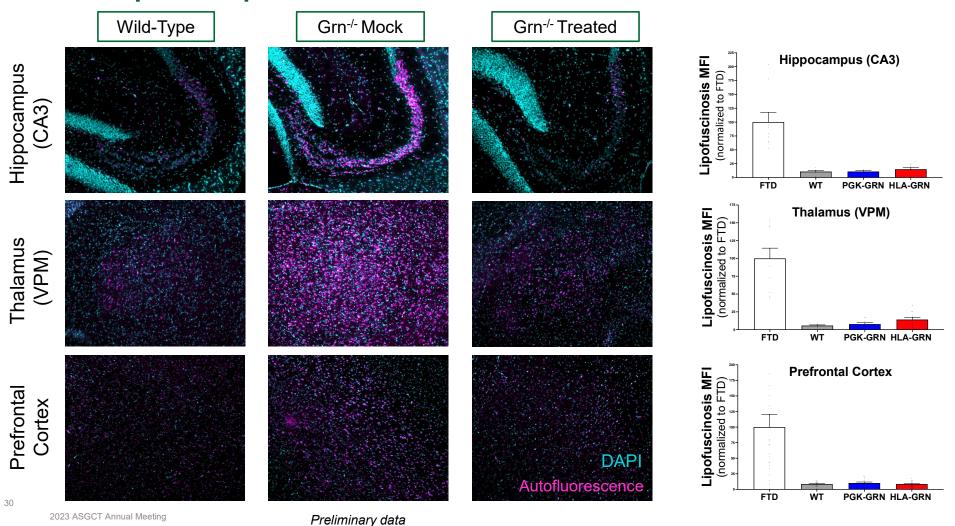


Therapeutic Effect Evidenced by Normalization of Glucosylsphingosine in Transplanted Mice

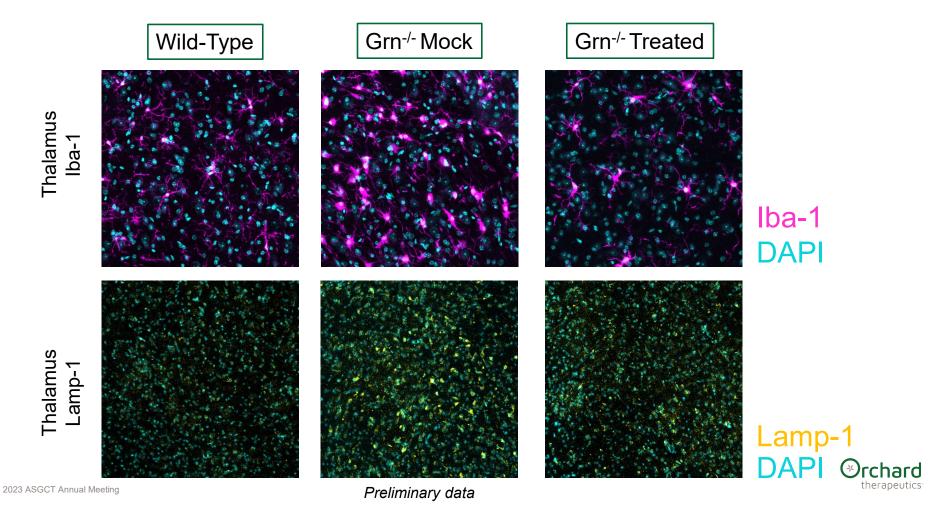




hGRN improves lipofuscinosis in Knockout Mice



hGRN reduces microgliosis and Lamp-1 immunoreactivity



Summary and conclusions

First preclinical data for OTL-204 highlight ability of HSC gene therapy to restore microglial function, modulate neuroinflammation, and normalize predictive biomarkers in GRN-FTD

Data from in vivo studies indicate effective GRN protein delivery to the CNS of knockout mice transplanted with gene-modified HSCs.

A therapeutic effect in transplanted knockout mice is evidenced by:

- Normalization of glucosylsphingosine, a specific lipid biomarker in the plasma
- Strong reduction of lipofuscinosis and microgliosis
- Decrease of markers of neuroinflammation in the thalamus, hippocampus and prefrontal cortex

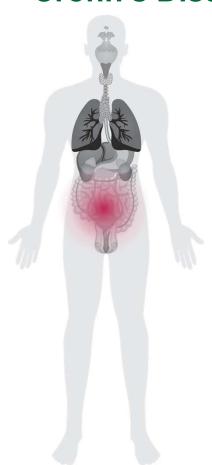
Cohorts of knockout mice are being further evaluated both at behavioral and pathological level to accumulate additional evidence supporting the therapeutic approach



OTL-104 for NOD2-Crohn's Section



Crohn's Disease Overview



Chronic inflammatory bowel disease

Primarily affecting ileum

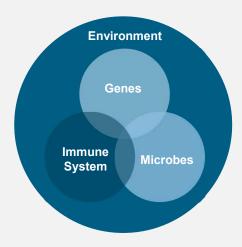
Symptoms develop from ~15 yrs

Clinical management by antiinflammatory medications & surgical resection

Limited therapies, no cure available

High prevalence

Contributing causal factors

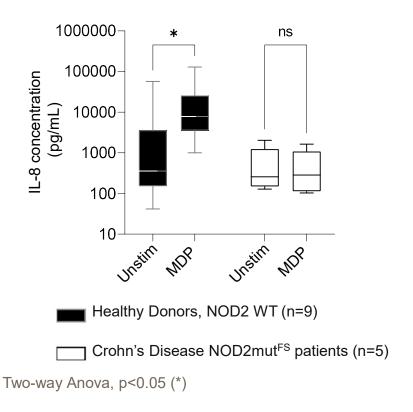


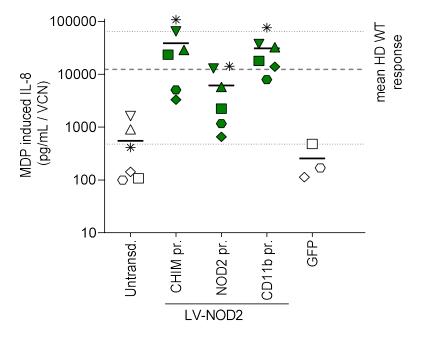
20-40% of Crohn's patients carry NOD2 mutations

- NOD2 function: detection of bacterial peptides
- > 60 reported NOD2 mutations
- · 3 SNPs exhibit strongest association
- NOD2 Crohn's patients are more refractory to therapy & have more severe disease



CD34+ HSC derived myeloid cells from NOD2-mutFS CD patients show impaired responses to MDP



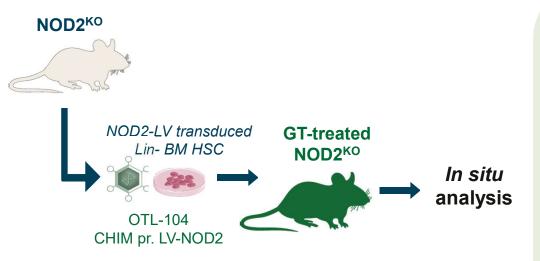


NOD2-mut-FS cells +/- LV-GFP

NOD2-mut^{FS} cells + LV-NOD2



Gene Therapy treatment of NOD2^{KO} mice reconstitutes normal NOD2 expression within the gut and fully restores NOD2-dependent immune responses *in vivo*



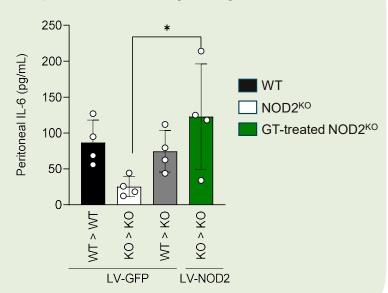
Restoration of NOD2 gene expression in intestine WT mouse GFP GT treated NOD2^{KO} mouse NOD2^{KO} mouse Murine NOD2 Murine NOD2 Detection of NOD2 mRNA in situ (RNAScope) in intestinal

lamina propria of WT and GT treated NOD2KO mice



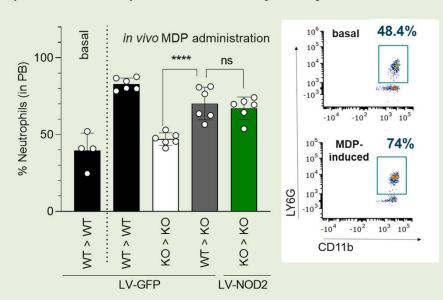
Gene Therapy treatment of NOD2^{KO} mice reconstitutes normal NOD2 expression within the gut and fully restores NOD2-dependent immune responses *in vivo*

Functional reconstitution of NOD2-dependent (MDP-induced) immune activity in myeloid subsets



MDP-induced IL-6 release into peritoneal fluid

Functional reconstitution of NOD2-dependent (MDP-induced) immune activity in myeloid subsets



MDP-induced neutrophil mobilisation

OTL-104 LV-NOD2 CHIM pr. construct shows in vivo efficacy in restoring normal NOD2-dependent myeloid immune functions in GT-treated bone marrow chimeric NOD2^{KO} mice

OTL-104 Summary

- OTL-104, fully restores NOD2-dependent immune responses in macrophages derived from HSCs obtained from Crohn's patients carrying biallelic NOD2 mutations to within the range of healthy donor cells
- Transplantation of OTL-104 in NOD2 knockout mice reconstitutes NOD2 expression in intestinal tissue resident cells and broadly restores NOD2-dependent innate immune cell functions
- ✓ Results confirm the negative impact of NOD2 deficiency in primary immune activation and support the therapeutic potential of HSC gene therapy to provide long-term correction of NOD2 Crohn's disease

Expect to commence IND- and CTA-enabling studies in the second half of 2023, with a potential filing anticipated in the first half of 2025



Orchard's Vision to End the Devastation Caused by Severe and other Genetic Diseases

Mid-long Ш Execute and deliver term on rare disease portfolio Continue to build out capabilities in Expand on HSC gene HSC gene therapy across therapy approach for regulatory, manufacturing, commercialization and access larger indications and **Near-mid** enabling technologies term Seek partnership opportunities in areas where there is a compelling clinical and scientific rationale

Key Event Takeaways

OTL-203 for MPS-IH - New PoC data shows extensive metabolic correction in the skeletal system, including normal growth rates, improvement in joint function and progressive acquisition of motor skills

OTL-201 for MPS-IIIA - New data from ongoing PoC study show additional favorable neurocognitive outcomes compared to disease natural history with median follow-up out to 2.5 years

OTL-204 for GRN-FTD - First preclinical data highlighting ability of HSC gene therapy to restore microglial function, modulate neuroinflammation, and normalize predictive biomarkers

OTL-104 for NOD2-CD – Preclinical data confirm negative impact of NOD2 deficiency in primary immune activation and support therapeutic potential to provide long-term correction of NOD2 CD

New areas of research could represent significant commercial opportunities in large indications for Orchard alone or with potential partners interested in utilizing HSC gene therapy platform



Q&A



Bobby Gaspar, M.D., Ph.D.

Chief Executive Officer



Leslie Meltzer, Ph.D.

Chief Medical Officer

